CASS COUNTY, IOWA

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

JUNE 30, 2014

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Officials

Name	Title	Term Expires
Gaylord Schelling Mark Wedemeyer Frank Waters Charles Rieken Duane McFadden	Board of Supervisors	January, 2015 January, 2015 January, 2017 January, 2017 January, 2017
Dale E. Sunderman	County Auditor	January, 2017
Tracey J. Marshall	County Treasurer	January, 2015
Joyce Jensen	County Recorder	January, 2015
Darby McLaren	County Sheriff	January, 2017
Daniel Feistner	County Attorney	January, 2015
Brenda Nelson	County Assessor	January, 2016

Gronewold, Bell, Kyhnn & Co. P.C.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS • BUSINESS AND FINANCIAL CONSULTANTS

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Officials of Cass County

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Cass County, Iowa as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. This includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the County's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

To the Officials of Cass County

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly in all material respects, the financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Cass County as of June 30, 2014 and the respective changes in financial position, and cash flows where applicable for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require Management's Discussion and Analysis, the Budgetary Comparison Information and the Schedule of Funding Progress for the Retiree Health Plan on pages 3 through 3f and on pages 34 through 37 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board which considers it to be an essential part of the financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the required supplementary information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Cass County, Iowa's basic financial statements. We previously audited, in accordance with the standards referred to in the third paragraph of this report, the financial statements for the nine years ended June 30, 2013 (which are not presented herein) and expressed unmodified opinions on those financial statements. The supplementary information included in Schedules 1 through 6, including the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in our audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, we have also issued our report dated January 21, 2015 on our consideration of Cass County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> in considering Cass County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Atlantic, Iowa January 21, 2015

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Board of Supervisors Cass County 5 West 7th Street / Atlantic, IA 50022

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS

The Cass County Board of Supervisors provides this Management's Discussion and Analysis of its financial statements. This narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014. It is the intent that this statement be reviewed and considered in conjunction with reading the County's financial statements.

(See budget for additional information on valuations and levies) **2014 FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS**

Valuation for computing property taxes Rural Valuation Urban Valuation Taxes Levied on Property {see F638-R}	\$	FY2014 765,261,110 497,067,476 268,193,634 6,576,915	FY2013 \$678,596,681 \$421,703,965 \$256,892,716 \$5,903,092	CHANGE \$86,664,429 \$75,363,511 \$11,300,918 \$673,823
Cass County levy rates/\$1,000 are shown General Basic/General Supplement MH-DD/County Services Rural Basic/Rural Supplemental Total		FY201 4.8737 .8102 4.4806 10.1646	72 4.81014 28 1.10393 52 4.48140	
{see page - 10 & AFR F634-A} Governmental Fund Revenues Comprised in part by the following: Net Taxes Utility Tax Replacement State Replacements Local Option Sales Tax Revenue	\$ \$\$\$\$	FY2014 13,901,157 5,699,182 340,296 312,507 582,710	FY2013 \$ 12,699,770 \$ 5,631,480 \$ 351,650 \$ 270,954 \$ 630,925	\$ 1,201,387 \$ 67,702 \$ (11,354) \$ 41,553 \$ (48,215)
(See page -10-) Governmental Fund Expenditures Comprised of the following: Operating Expenses Capital Projects Debt Service	\$ \$ \$ \$	FY2014 14,468,301 13,577,857 813,009 77,435	\$ 11,465,298 \$ 362,366 \$ 114,758	Change \$ 2,525,879 \$ 2,112,559 \$ 450,643 \$ (37,323)
(See page -4-) Capital Assets	\$	FY2014 21,962,998	FY2013 \$ 18,316,991	\$ 3,646,007

UTILIZATION OF THIS ANNUAL REPORT

The annual report consists of a series of financial statements as well as other requirements as follows:

- Management's Discussion and Analysis introduces the basic financial statements and provides an analytical overview of the government's financial activities.
- The Government-Wide Financial Statements consist of a statement of net position and a statement of activities. These provide information about the activities of Cass County as a whole and present an overall view of the County's finances.
- The Fund Financial Statements tell how governmental services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements report Cass County's operations in more detail than government-wide statements by providing information about the most significant funds. The remaining statements provide financial information about activities for which Cass County acts solely as an agent or custodian for the benefit of those outside of County government (Agency Funds).
- Notes to the Financial Statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the basic financial statements.
- Required Supplementary Information further explains and supports the financial statements with a comparison of the County's budget for the year, as well as presenting the Schedule of Funding Progress for the Retiree Health Plan.
- Other Supplemental Information provides detailed information about the non major special revenue and the individual fiduciary funds. In addition, the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards provides details of various programs benefiting the County.

Reporting the County as a Whole

Government-Wide Financial Statements

One of the most important questions asked about the County's finances is *Is the County as a whole better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities?* The statement of net position and the statement of activities report information about activities in a way that helps answer this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting and the economic resources measurement focus. This is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The statement of net position presents all of the County's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between the two reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in the County's net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the County's net position changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the event or change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will not result in cash flows until future fiscal periods.

The County's governmental activities are displayed in the statement of net position and the statement of activities. Governmental activities include:

- 1. Public Safety and Legal Services
- 2. Physical Health & Social Services
- 3. Mental Health
- 4. County Environment and Education
- 5. Roads and Transportation
- 6. Government Services to Residents
- 7. Administration
- 8. Non-program Activities
- 9. Interest on long-term debt

Property tax and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about individual, significant funds, not the County as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by Iowa law or by bond covenants. The County can establish other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes.

Cass County has three kinds of funds – governmental, proprietary & fiduciary funds:

Governmental funds account for most of the County's basic services. These focus on how money flows into and out of those funds, and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These governmental funds may include: (1) the General Fund (General Basic & General Supplemental), (2) The Special Revenue Funds such as Mental Health, Rural Services (Rural Basic and Rural Supplemental), Secondary Roads and others, (3) the Debt Service Fund, and (4) the Capital Projects Funds. These funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed, short-term view of the County's general governmental operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps one determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the County's programs.

The governmental funds required financial statements include a balance sheet and a statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances.

- Proprietary funds account for the County's Internal Service Fund and Employee Group Health Insurance Account. Internal Service Funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the County's various functions. The required financial statements for proprietary funds include a statement of net position, a statement of revenues, expenses and changes in fund net position and a statement of cash flows.
- 3) Fiduciary funds are used to report assets held in a trust or agency capacity for others which cannot be used to support the County's own programs. These fiduciary funds include agency funds that account for emergency management services, the county assessor and others.

The fiduciary funds required financial statements include a statement of fiduciary assets and liabilities.

A summary reconciliation between the government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements follows the fund financial statements.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of financial position. This is the fifth year the County is utilizing accumulated depreciation for capital assets. The analysis that follows focuses on the changes of the net position for our governmental activities.

Statement of Net Position - Governmental Activities

Net Position (see page -5-)	Ju	ne 30, 2014	J	une 30, 2013
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	21,051,676	\$	17,699,839
Restricted for:				
Mental Health Purposes		815,422		732,916
Rural Services Purposes		414,003		357 , 120
Secondary Roads Purposes		1,363,871		1,649,233
Local Option Sales Tax Purposes		250,800		217 , 999
County Attorney and sheriff investigation purpo	se	581,030		619,057
Other Purposes		426 , 597	•	385,937
Unrestricted		1,000,310		982,781
Net Position	\$	25,903,709	\$	22,644,882
Short-Term Liabilities (see page -4-)		607,533		607,672
Long-term Liabilities due or payable within one ye	ar	267,473		251,171
Long-Term Debt Outstanding- G.O. Bond		827 , 495		561,152
Total Liabilities	\$	1,702,501	\$	1,419,995

A large portion of the County's total assets is the Invested in Capital Assets (e.g. land, infrastructure, buildings, and equipment), less the related debt. Restricted net position represent resources that are subject to external restrictions, constitution provisions, or enabling legislation on how they can be used. Unrestricted net position is the part of net position that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, legislation, or other legal requirements.

Changes in Net Position of Governmental Activities (See Page -6-; Exhibit B- Statement of Activities) Year Ended June 30, 2014

DEVENUE			
REVENUES		·	
	Program Re		
		Charges for services	\$ 558,281
		Operating Grants & Contributions & Int.	6,397,202
		Capital Grants & Contributions	3,420,523
	General Revenues		
		Property Taxes	6,051,004
·		Penalty & Interest on Property Taxes	49,539
		State tax credits	312,507
		Local option sales & service tax	582,710
		Unrestricted investment earnings	61,457
·		Other general revenues	1,251,994
		Total revenues	18,685,217
PROGRAM EXPENSES			1.0
	Public Safe	ty & Legal Services	2,395,220
	Physical He	ealth & Social Services	499,198
	Mental Hea	ılth	1,089,097
	County Env	vironment & Education	535,249
	Roads & Tr	ransportation	5,441,540
·	Governmen	nt Services to Residents	514,765
	Administrat	ion	2,523,256
	Non-program		2,405,639
	Interest on	Long Term Debt	22,426
		Total expenses	15,426,390
	Change in I	net position	3,258,827
	Net position	n beginning of year	22,644,882
	Net position	n end of year	\$25,903,709

INDIVIDUAL FUND ANALYSIS (See Balance Sheet Page -8-)

Fund	Balances at end of	FY2011	FY2012	FY2013	FY2014
	General Fund	563,743	802,315	$1,0\overline{21,210}$	$1,0\overline{12,083}$
	Mental Health/DD Fund	642,370	580 , 137	741,321	820,690
	Rural Services	193,991	245,461	362,468	426,765
	Secondary Roads	1,279,998	1,528,561	1,737,888	1,454,162
	Local Option Sales Tax	381,562	136 , 332	217 , 999	250 , 800
	Co. Attorney & Sheriff				
	Invest	289,881	552 , 609	619,057	581,030
	Capital Projects	21,320	82 , 732	95 , 552	66,029
	Other Funds	18,368	86,351	77,936	188,490
	Total	3,391,233	4,014,498	4,873,431	\$4,800,049

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

Over the course of the year, the County amended its budget once, which increased budgeted disbursements by \$4,985,915. The budget increase was primarily for disbursements in the non-program, and roads and transportation functions.

The County's total receipts and disbursements were less than budgeted by approximately \$3,968,000 and \$5,130,000, respectively. The County's disbursements were less than amounts budgeted for all of the functions.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

(see page -4-)

Cass County ended FY 2014 with approximately \$21,962,998 invested in a broad range of capital assets.

Debt

Cass County and Audubon County invested \$1,000,000 (\$500,000 each) in a joint land purchase/economic development project in FY2007: Valley Business Park. General Obligation Bonds in the amount of \$500,000 each for both Cass County and Audubon County were issued September 11, 2007. First principal payment maturity was June 1, 2008. The principal and interest were paid utilizing Local Option Sales Tax revenues and land lease income. During FY2010, FY2011, FY2012, FY2013 and FY2014, the same sources were used to pay principal and interest. The intent is to continue to pay general obligation expenses through revenues generated through lease of undeveloped farm ground, Local Option Sales Tax revenues designated for economic development, and revenues resulting from development projects that utilize the site. At the end of FY2014, the General Obligation Bonds remaining were approximately \$284,322.

In August of 2011, the County issued \$520,000 of general obligation debt through a local bank to finance the completion of infrastructure improvements at Amaizing Energy site. At the end of FY 2014, the General Obligation Bonds remaining were approximately \$277,000.

In January of 2014, the County entered into a \$350,000 real estate installment contract for the purchase of a building that will house the E911 Communications Center. At the end of FY2014, the real estate installment contract had a remaining balance of \$350,000.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

Cass County's Board of Supervisors considered many factors for the fiscal year 2015 budget, tax rates, the local economic conditions and funding of various County services. One of those factors was the economy which continues down. The County also experienced an increase in its insurance costs – liability and workmen's compensation. The population of Cass County as estimated by the 2010 census was 13,956. The county compensation board recommended a 7% increase for attorney and sheriff; and a 3.5% increase for the recorder, treasurer, auditor, and supervisors for FY2015. The board of supervisors reduced all proposed increases by 1/7 and approved a 6% increase for attorney and sheriff; and a 3% increase for the recorder, treasurer, auditor, and supervisors for FY2015.

The County attempts to keep all departmental budgets to as small an increase as practical to help alleviate the difference between revenue and expenditures in an effort to maintain all current county programs. Limitations of growth in the general funds may jeopardize continuation of current levels of service. Cass County has no plans for the addition of any major new programs or initiatives in the FY 2015 budget.

If projections are realized, during FY 2015 some depletion of fund balances may occur.

CONTACTING THE COUNTY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and creditors with a general overview of Cass County's finances and show accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Cass County Auditor's office, Cass County Courthouse, Atlantic, IA 50022, telephone (712)243-4570.

Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2014

	vernmental activities
Assets	
Cash and pooled investments Receivables: Property tax: Delinquent Succeeding year Interest and penalty on property tax Accounts	\$ 4,988,696 6,882 6,577,000 10,698
Due from other governments Inventories Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation) Total assets	25,517 525,424 85,995 21,962,998 34,183,210
Liabilities	
Accounts payable Accrued interest payable Salaries and benefits payable Due to other funds Due to other governments Long-term liabilities:	228,133 1,742 31,044 27,933 318,681
Portion due or payable within one year: Compensated absences General obligation bonds Portion due or payable after one year: General obligation bonds Total liabilities	 183,646 83,827 827,495 1,702,501
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Unavailable property tax revenue	6,577,000
(continued next page)	

Statement of Net Position - continued

June 30, 2014

	Governmental <u>Activities</u>		
Net Position			
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:	\$	21,051,676	
Mental health purposes		815,422	
Rural service purposes Secondary roads purposes		414,003 1,363,871	
County attorney and sheriff investigation purposes		581,030	
Other purposes Unrestricted		677,397	
Unrestricted		1,000,310	
Total net position	<u>\$_</u>	25,903,709	

Statement of Activities

Year ended June 30, 2014

			Program Revenues	
	<u> </u>	Expenses		narges for Service
Functions/Programs:				
Governmental activities:				
Public safety and legal services	\$	2,395,220	\$	225,318
Physical health and social services		499,198		
Mental health		1,089,097		572
County environment and education		535,249		14,058
Roads and transportation		5,441,540		
Governmental services to residents		514,765		315,638
Administration		2,523,256		2,695
Non-program		2,405,639		
Interest on long-term debt		22,426		
Total	<u>\$</u>	15,426,390	<u>\$</u>	558,281

General Revenues:

Property and other county tax levied for:
General purposes
Penalty and interest on property tax
State tax credits
Local option sales tax
Unrestricted investment earnings
Miscellaneous

Total general revenues

Change in net position

Net position beginning of year

Net position end of year

See notes to financial statements.

	Program	Reveni	ues			
Operating Grants, Contributions and Restricted Interest		Co	pital Grants, ontributions d Restricted Interest	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position		
\$ <u>\$</u>	105,109 211,336 584,395 88,157 2,945,285 785 189,154 2,231,020 41,961 6,397,202	\$ <u>\$</u>	3,420,523 3,420,523	\$((((- - \$	2,064,793) 287,862) 504,130) 433,034) 924,268 198,342) 2,331,407) 174,619) 19,535 5,050,384) 6,051,004 49,539 312,507 582,710 61,457 1,251,994 8,309,211 3,258,827 22,644,882 25,903,709	
					, , , ,	

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds

June 30, 2014

				Special Revenue		
		General		Mental Health		Rural Services
Assets						
Cash and pooled investments Receivables: Property tax:	\$	1,046,173	\$	893,617	\$	431,443
Delinquent Succeeding year Interest and penalty on property tax		5,907 3,730,000 10,698		910 620,000 		65 2,227,000
Accounts Due from other funds Due from other governments		19,221 1,851 369,803		 59,844		19,110
Inventories					-	
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	5,183,653	<u>\$</u>	1,574,371	<u>\$</u>	2,677,618
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances						
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable Salaries and benefits payable Due to other governments Due to other funds Compensated absences Total liabilities	\$	84,157 4,695 281,821 29,784 23,347 423,804	\$	96,031 1,206 35,147 429 132,813	\$ 	8,888 9,844 5,056 23,788
Deferred inflows of resources: Unavailable revenues:		2 720 000		(20,000		
Succeeding year property tax Other Total deferred inflows of		3,730,000 17,766	-	620,000 868		2,227,000 <u>65</u>
resources		3,747,766		620,868		2,227,065

(continued next page)

			Special Revenue						
	Secondary Roads	Lo	cal Option ales Tax	ar	County Attorney ad Sheriff restigation	_N	[onmajor		Total
\$	1,432,148	\$	175,791	\$	581,311	\$	253,893	\$	4,814,376
<u> </u>	1,519,664	<u> </u>	95,552 271,343	<u> </u>	 581,311	<u>\$</u>	5,000 258,893	<u> </u>	6,882 6,577,000 10,698 25,517 20,961 525,424 85,995 12,066,853
\$	34,750 14,731 16,021 65,502	\$	1,270 163 19,110 20,543	\$	281 281	\$	2,256 568 1,550 4,374	\$	227,633 31,044 318,681 48,894 44,853 671,105
	 	· 	 		 				6,577,000 18,699 6,595,699

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds - continued

June 30, 2014

		Special Revenue			
	 General		Mental Health		Rural Services
Fund balances:					
Nonspendable:					
Inventories	\$ 	\$		\$	
Restricted for:					
Mental health purposes			820,690		
Rural services purposes					426,765
Secondary roads purposes					
Capital projects					
Other purposes					
Unassigned	 1,012,083				
Total fund balances	 1,012,083		<u>820,690</u>		426,765
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and					
fund balances	\$ 5,183,653	<u>\$</u>	<u>1,574,371</u>	\$	2,677,618

		Special Revenue					
;	Secondary Roads	cal Option ales Tax	A and	County ttorney I Sheriff estigation	_ N	onmajor	 Total
\$	85,995	\$ 	\$		\$		\$ 85,995
							820,690
	1 260 167						426,765
	1,368,167						1,368,167
						66,029	66,029
		250,800		581,030		188,490	1,020,320
		 					 1,012,083
	1,454,162	 250,800		581,030		254,519	 4,800,049
\$	1,519,664	\$ 271,343	\$	581,311	\$	258,893	\$ 12,066,853

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet -Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2014

•		
Total governmental fund balances (page 8)	\$	4,800,049
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. The cost of assets is \$29,275,478 and the accumulated depreciation is \$7,312,480.		21,962,998
Assets not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are recognized as deferred inflows in the governmental funds.		18,699
The Internal Service Fund is used by management to charge the costs of partial self funding of the County's health insurance benefit plan to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position.		173,820
Accrued interest payable, and long-term liabilities, including general obligation bonds, compensated absences payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.	_(1,051,857)
Net position of governmental activities (page 5)	<u>\$</u>	25,903,709

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

Year ended June 30, 2014

				Special	Reve	enue
		General		Mental Health		Rural Services
D						
Revenues:	Φ	2 265 622	Φ	(20, 200	ф	2050106
Property and other County tax	\$	3,365,633	\$	620,380	\$	2,059,196
Local option sales tax Interest and penalty on property						
tax		50,578				
Intergovernmental		2,762,048		550,565		235,166
Licenses and permits		18,815		330,303		233,100
Charges for service		348,065		572		
Use of money and property		61,457				
Miscellaneous		23,547		8		24,662
Total revenues		6,630,143		1,171,525		2,319,024
Expenditures:						
Operating:						
Public safety and legal services		1,512,220				724,742
Physical health and social services		499,198				721,712
Mental health				1,092,156		
County environment and education		332,738				93,943
Roads and transportation						255,843
Governmental services to residents		523,171				
Administration		1,222,405				
Non-program		2,405,639				
Debt service						
Capital projects		(405 271		1.000.156		511
Total expenditures	_	6,495,371		1,092,156		1,075,039
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over						
(under) expenditures		134,772		79,369		1,243,985
() r				17,507		1,41,700

(continued next page)

		Special Revenue			
	Secondary Roads	Local Option Sales Tax	County Attorney and Sheriff Investigation	Nonmajor	Total
\$	· ,	\$	\$	\$	¢ 6.045.200
Ф		582,710	J	D	\$ 6,045,209 582,710
		302,710			362,710
					50,578
	2,794,793		17,490	41,273	6,401,335
	1,335				20,150
				2,519	351,156
	10.002	15,600	144	114,175	191,376
_	18,823	3,422 601,732	82,529	105,652	258,643
	2,814,951	601,/32	100,163	263,619	13,901,157
			122,190		2,359,152
					499,198
					1,092,156
				91,173	517,854
	4,702,439				4,958,282
					523,171
	~~	**			1,222,405
					2,405,639
	220,159	120.250		77,435	77,435
-	4,922,598	128,359	122,190	463,980	813,009
	7,744,370	128,359	122,190	632,588	14,468,301
(2,107,647)	473,373	(22,027)	(368,969)	(567,144)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds - continued

Year ended June 30, 2014

			Special Revenue			
		General		Mental Health	· 	Rural Services
Other financing sources (uses): Sale of capital assets General obligation bond issued Operating transfers in Operating transfers out Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	27,675 16,000 187,574) 143,899)	\$	 	\$	 234,607 1,414,295) 1,179,688)
Change in fund balances	(9,127)		79,369		64,297
Fund balances beginning of year		1,021,210		741,321		362,468
Fund balances end of year	<u>\$</u>	1,012,083	<u>\$</u>	820,690	<u>\$</u>	426,765

Special

		R	Levenue						
S	Secondary Roads		County Attorney Local Option and Sheriff Sales Tax Investigation Nonmaj		onmajor	Total			
\$	116,087 1,707,834 	\$	 440,572)	\$	 16,000)	\$	350,000 135,474 35,474)	\$	143,762 350,000 2,093,915 2,093,915)
	1,823,921	_(440,572)		16,000)	· ·	450,000	· 	493,762
(283,726)		32,801	(38,027)		81,031	(73,382)
	1,737,888		217,999		619,057		173,488	 ,	4,873,431
<u>\$</u>	1,454,162	\$	250,800	<u>\$</u>	581,030	<u>\$</u>	254,519	\$	4,800,049

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

Year ended June 30, 2014

	\$(73,382)
\$ 1,186,432 3,420,523 (947,520)		3,659,435
	(13,428)
(350,000) 55,830	(294,170)
		4,756
15,987 _(821)		15,166
		39,550)
	\$	3,258,827
	3,420,523 (947,520) (350,000) 55,830	\$ 1,186,432 3,420,523 (947,520) ((350,000) 55,830 (15,987 (821)

Statement of Net Position Proprietary Fund

June 30, 2014

	Internal Service - Employee Group Health
Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	<u>\$ 174,320</u>
Total assets	174,320
Liabilities	
Accounts payable	500
Net Position	
Unrestricted	\$ 173,820

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Fund

Year ended June 30, 2014

		(Internal Service - Employee Group Health
Operating revenues: Reimbursements from operating funds Reimbursements from employees Miscellaneous revenue Total operating revenues		\$	1,045,856 151,379 31,212 1,228,447
Operating expenses: Medical claims Insurance premiums Administrative fees Operating loss	\$ 175,525 1,082,947 9,525		1,267,997 39,550)
Net position beginning of year			213,370
Net position end of year		<u>\$</u>	173,820

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund

Year ended June 30, 2014

	Internal Service - Employee Group <u>Health</u>
Cash flows from operating activities: Cash received from operating fund reimbursements Cash received from employees and others Cash payments to suppliers for services Net cash used in operating activities	\$ 1,045,856 182,591 (1,267,997) (39,550)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	213,870
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	<u>\$ 174,320</u>
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash used in operating activities: Operating loss	<u>\$(</u> 39,550)
Net cash used in operating activities	<u>\$(39,550)</u>

Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities Agency Funds

June 30, 2014

٨	~~	ato	
А	CC	etc	

Cash and pooled investments: County Treasurer Other County officials Receivables:	\$	889,789 23,383
Property tax: Delinquent Succeeding year Accounts		40,676 18,385,000 3,610
Due from other funds Due from other governments Total assets		29,784 146,373 19,518,615
Liabilities		
Accounts payable Salaries and benefits payable Due to other funds Due to other governments Trusts payable Compensated absences Total liabilities		53,154 6,789 1,851 19,363,624 23,183 70,014 19,518,615
Net position	<u>\$</u>	

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2014

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Cass County is a political subdivision of the State of Iowa and operates under the Home Rule provisions of the Constitution of Iowa. The County operates under the Board of Supervisors form of government. Elections are on a partisan basis. Other elected officials operate independently with the Board of Supervisors. These officials are the Auditor, Treasurer, Recorder, Sheriff, and Attorney. The County provides numerous services to citizens, including law enforcement, health and social services, parks and cultural activities, planning and zoning, roadway construction and maintenance, and general administrative services.

The County's financial statements are prepared in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

A. Reporting Entity

For financial reporting purposes, Cass County has included all funds, organizations, agencies, boards, commissions and authorities. The County has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable, and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the County are such that exclusion would cause the County's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body, and (1) the ability of the County to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the County.

These financial statements present Cass County (the primary government) and its component units. The component units discussed below are included in the County's reporting entity because of the significance of their operational or financial relationships with the County.

Blended Component Units - The following component units are entities which are legally separate from the County, but are so intertwined with the County they are, in substance, the same as the County. They are reported as part of the County and blended into the appropriate funds.

Nine drainage districts have been established pursuant to Chapter 468 of the Code of Iowa for the drainage of surface waters from agricultural and other lands or the protection of such lands from overflow. Although these districts are legally separate from the County, they are controlled, managed and supervised by the Cass County Board of Supervisors. The drainage districts are reported as a Special Revenue Fund. Financial information for the individual drainage districts can be obtained from the Cass County Auditor's office.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2014

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Related Organizations - The County Board of Supervisors are also responsible for appointing the members of the boards of other organizations, but the County's accountability for these organizations does not extend beyond making the appointments. The Board of Supervisors appoint two of the five members to the board of the Cass County Environmental Control Agency. An audit of this Agency is performed and filed under separate cover. Financial transactions of this organization are included in the County's financial statements only to the extent of the County's fiduciary relationship with the Commission and, as such, are reported in an Agency Fund of the County.

Jointly Governed Organizations - The County also participates in several jointly governed organizations that provide goods or services to the citizenry of the County but do not meet the criteria of a joint venture since there is no ongoing financial interest or responsibility by the participating governments. The County Board of Supervisors are members of or appoint representatives to the following boards and commissions: Cass County Assessor's Conference Board, Public Safety Communications Commission, Cass County Joint E911 Service Board and Cass County Emergency Management Services Commission. Financial transactions of these organizations are included in the County's financial statements only to the extent of the County's fiduciary relationship with the organization and, as such, are reported in the Agency Funds of the County.

B. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements - The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the County and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities are supported by property tax, intergovernmental revenues and other nonexchange transactions.

The Statement of Net Position presents the County's nonfiduciary assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in the following categories.

Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation/amortization and reduced by outstanding balances for bonds, notes, and other debt attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

Restricted net position results when constraints placed on net position use are either externally imposed or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Enabling legislation did not result in any restricted net position.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2014

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Unrestricted net position consists of net position not meeting the definition of the preceding categories. Unrestricted net position is often subject to constraints imposed by management, which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants, contributions, and interest restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Property tax and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor governmental funds.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the County. All general tax revenues and other revenues not allocated by law or contractual agreement to some other fund are accounted for in this fund. From the fund are paid the general operating expenditures, the fixed charges and the capital improvement costs not paid from other funds.

Special Revenue:

The Mental Health Fund is used to account for property tax and other revenues to be used to fund mental health, intellectual disabilities, and developmental disabilities services.

The Rural Services Fund is used to account for property tax and other revenues to provide services which are primarily intended to benefit those persons residing in the county outside of incorporated city areas.

The Secondary Roads Fund is used to account for the road use tax allocation from the State of Iowa, required transfers from the General and the Special Revenue, Rural Services Funds and other revenues to be used for secondary road construction and maintenance.

The Local Option Sales Tax Fund is used to account for the sales tax revenues to be used for property tax relief, community betterment, and capital improvements.

The Sheriff and Attorney Investigation Fund is used to account for forfeiture and other revenues to be used for law enforcement investigations and equipment.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2014

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Additionally, the County reports the following funds:

Proprietary Fund - An Internal Service Fund is utilized to account for the financing of goods or services purchased by one department of the County and provided to other departments or agencies on a cost reimbursement basis.

Fiduciary Funds - Agency funds are used to account for assets held by the County as an agent for individuals, private organizations, certain jointly governed organizations, other governmental units and/or other funds.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The government-wide, proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property tax is recognized as revenue in the year for which it is levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been satisfied.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current year or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current year. For this purpose, the County considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year end.

Property tax, intergovernmental revenues (shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from other governments) and interest are considered to be susceptible to accrual. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the County.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, principal and interest on long-term debt, claims and judgments and compensated absences are recorded as expenditures only when payment is due. Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2014

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Under the terms of grant agreements, the County funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the County's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by categorical block grants, and then by general revenues.

When an expenditure is incurred in governmental funds which can be paid using either restricted or unrestricted resources, the County's policy is to pay the expenditure from restricted fund balance and then from less-restrictive classifications - committed, assigned and then unassigned fund balances.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the County's Internal Service Fund are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for Internal Service Funds include the cost of services and administrative expenses. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

The County maintains its financial records on the cash basis. The financial statements of the County are prepared by making memorandum adjusting entries to the cash basis financial records.

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Equity

The following accounting policies are followed in preparing the financial statements:

<u>Cash</u>, <u>Pooled Investments and Cash Equivalents</u> - The cash balances of most County funds are pooled and invested. Interest earned on investments is recorded in the General Fund, unless otherwise provided by law. Investments are stated at fair value except for the investment in the Iowa Public Agency Investment Trust, which is valued at amortized cost and non-negotiable certificates of deposit which are stated at cost.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, all short-term cash investments that are highly liquid are considered to be cash equivalents. Cash equivalents are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and, at the day of purchase, have a maturity date no longer than three months.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2014

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

<u>Property Tax Receivable</u> - Property tax in governmental funds is accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Property tax receivable is recognized in these funds on the levy or lien date, which is the date that the tax asking is certified by the County Board of Supervisors. Delinquent property tax receivable represents unpaid taxes for the current and prior years. The succeeding year property tax receivable represents taxes certified by the Board of Supervisors to be collected in the next fiscal year for the purposes set out in the budget for the next fiscal year. By statute, the Board of Supervisors is required to certify its budget in March of each year for the subsequent fiscal year. However, by statute, the tax asking and budget certification for the following fiscal year becomes effective on the first day of that year. Although the succeeding year property tax receivable has been recorded, the related revenue is deferred in both the government-wide and fund financial statements and will not be recognized as revenue until the year for which it is levied.

Property tax revenue recognized in these funds become due and collectible in September and March of the fiscal year with a 1½% per month penalty for delinquent payments; is based on January 1, 2012 assessed property valuations; is for the tax accrual period July 1, 2013 through June 30, 2014 and reflects the tax asking contained in the budget certified by the County Board of Supervisors in March, 2013.

<u>Interest and Penalty on Property Tax Receivable</u> - Interest and penalty on property tax receivable represents the amount of interest and penalty that was due and payable but has not been collected.

<u>Due from and Due to Other funds</u> - During the course of its operations, the County has numerous transactions between funds. To the extent that certain transactions between funds had not been paid or received as of June 30, 2014, balances of interfund amounts receivable or payable have been recorded in the fund financial statements.

<u>Due from Other Governments</u> - Due from other governments represents amounts due from the State of Iowa, various shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from other governments.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2014

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

<u>Inventories</u> - Inventories are valued at cost using the first-in, first-out method. Inventories consist of expendable supplies held for consumption. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

<u>Capital Assets</u> - Capital assets, which include property, equipment and vehicles, and infrastructure assets acquired after July 1, 1980 (e.g., roads, bridges, curbs, gutters, sidewalks, and similar items which are immovable and of value only to the County), are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Reportable capital assets are defined by the County as assets with initial, individual costs in excess of the following thresholds and estimated useful lives in excess of two years.

Asset Class	Amount			
Infrastructure	\$	50,000		
Land, buildings, and improvements		25,000		
Intangibles		25,000		
Equipment and vehicles		5,000		

Capital assets of the County are depreciated/amortized using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	Estimated
	Useful
	Lives
Asset Class	(In Years)
Buildings	40 - 50
Building improvements	20 - 50
Infrastructure	30 - 50
Intangibles	5 - 20
Equipment	2 - 20
Vehicles	3 - 10

<u>Due to Other Governments</u> - Due to other governments represents taxes and other revenues collected by the County and payments for services which will be remitted to other governments.

<u>Trusts Payable</u> - Trusts payable represents amounts due to others which are held by various County officials in fiduciary capacities until the underlying legal matters are resolved.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2014

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Compensated Absences - County employees accumulate a limited amount of earned but unused vacation and sick leave hours for subsequent use or for payment upon termination, death or retirement. Accumulated sick leave is generally paid at 25%, not to exceed 800 hours (1,004 hours for employees under bargaining agreement in the secondary roads department), upon retirement. A liability is recorded when incurred in the government-wide, proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental fund financial statements only for amounts paid to employees within sixty days after year end. The compensated absences liability has been computed based on rates of pay in effect at June 30, 2014. The compensated absences liability attributable to the governmental activities will be paid primarily by the General, Mental Health, Rural Services and Secondary Roads Funds.

<u>Long-Term Liabilities</u> - In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities or proprietary fund Statement of Net Position.

In the governmental fund financial statements, the face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> - Although certain revenues are measurable, they are not available. Available means collected within the current year or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current year. Deferred inflows of resources in the governmental fund financial statements represent the amount of assets that have been recognized, but the related revenue has not been recognized since the assets are not collected within the current year or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current year. Deferred inflows of resources consist of property tax receivable and other receivables not collected within sixty days after year end.

Deferred inflows of resources in the Statement of Net Position consist of succeeding year property tax receivables that will not be recognized until the year for which it is levied.

<u>Fund Equity</u> - In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balances are classified as follows:

<u>Nonspendable</u> - Amounts which cannot be spent because they are in a nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

<u>Restricted</u> - Amounts restricted to specific purposes when constraints placed on the use of the resources are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors or state or federal laws or are imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2014

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

<u>Committed</u> - Amounts which can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints formally imposed by the Board of Supervisors through ordinance or resolution approved prior to year end. Committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board of Supervisors removes or changes the specified use by taking the same action it employed to commit those amounts.

Assigned - Amounts the Board of Supervisors intend to use for specific purposes.

<u>Unassigned</u> - All amounts not included in the preceding classifications.

<u>Net Position</u> - The net position of the Internal Service, Employee Group Health Fund is designated for anticipated future catastrophic losses of the County.

E. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The budgetary comparison and related disclosures are reported as Required Supplementary Information. During the year ended June 30, 2014, disbursements did not exceed the amount budgeted in any function.

F. Prospective Accounting Change

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has issued Statement No. 68 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions - an Amendment of GASB No. 27." This statement will be implemented for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2015. The revised requirements establish new financial reporting requirements for state and local governments which provide their employees with pension benefits, including additional note disclosures and required supplementary information. In addition, the Statement of Net Position is expected to include a significant liability for the County's proportionate share of the Iowa Public Employees Retirement System pension plan.

NOTE 2 - CASH AND POOLED INVESTMENTS

The County's deposits in banks at June 30, 2014 were entirely covered by federal depository insurance or by the State Sinking Fund in accordance with Chapter 12C of the Code of Iowa. This chapter provides for additional assessments against the depositories to insure there will be no loss of public funds.

The County is authorized by statute to invest public funds in obligations of the United States government, its agencies and instrumentalities; certificates of deposit or other evidences of deposit at federally insured depository institutions approved by the Board of Supervisors; prime eligible bankers acceptances; certain high rated commercial paper; perfected repurchase agreements; certain registered open-end management investment companies; certain joint investment trusts; and warrants or improvement certificates of a drainage district.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2014

NOTE 2 - CASH AND POOLED INVESTMENTS - Continued

Investments are stated at fair value. Securities traded on a national or international exchange are valued at the last reported sales price at current exchange rates.

The County had investments in the Iowa Public Agency Investment Trust which are valued at an amortized cost of \$1,878,955 pursuant to Rule 2a-7 under the Investment Company Act of 1940.

Interest rate risk. The County's investment policy limits the investment of operating funds (funds expected to be expended in the current budget year or within 15 months of receipt) to instruments that mature within 397 days. Funds not identified as operating funds may be invested in investments with maturities longer than 397 days but the maturities shall be consistent with the needs and use of the County.

Credit risk. The investment in Iowa Public Agency Investment Trust is unrated.

Concentration of credit risk. The County places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer.

NOTE 3 - DUE FROM AND DUE TO OTHER FUNDS

The detail of interfund receivables and payables at June 30, 2014 is as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount		
General	Agency: County Offices	\$	1,851	
Special Revenue: Rural Services	Special Revenue Local Option Sales Tax		19,110	
Agency: Public Safety	General		29,784	
Total		\$	50,745	

These balances result from the time lag between the dates interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and payments between funds are made.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2014

NOTE 4 - INTERFUND TRANSFERS

The detail of interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2014 is as follows:

Transfer to	Transfer from		Amount
General	Special Revenue: County Attorney and Sheriff Investigation	\$	16,000
Special Revenue:			
Secondary Roads	General		124,429
	Special Revenue: Rural Services		1,414,295
	Local Option Sales Tax		169,110
	-		1,707,834
Special Revenue:			
Rural Services	Special Revenue: Local Option Sales Tax		234,607
Debt Service	Capital Projects:		
	Amaizing Energy Atlantic		35,474
Special Revenue:			
Geographic Information System	General		63,145
	Special Revenue:		
	Local Option Sales Tax		36,855 100,000
			100,000
		<u>\$</u>	2,093,915

Transfers generally move resources from the fund statutorily required to collect the resources to the fund statutorily required to expend the resources.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2014

NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2014 was as follows:

	Balance Beginning of Year	Increases	Decreases	Balance End of Year
Governmental activities: Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 1,344,700	\$	\$	\$ 1,344,700
Construction in progress	246,318	4,182,258	3,910,985	517,591
Total capital assets not being depreciated	1,591,018	4,182,258	3,910,985	1,862,291
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings	1,767,158	40.4.60.7		1,767,158
Equipment and vehicles	5,653,227	424,697	334,190	5,743,734
Infrastructure, road network Total capital assets being	15,991,310	3,910,985		<u>19,902,295</u>
depreciated	23,411,695	4,335,682	334,190	27,413,187
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	1,425,035	24,082		1,449,117
Equipment and vehicles	3,544,665	474,978	320,762	3,698,881
Infrastructure, road network	1,716,022	<u>448,460</u>		<u>2,164,482</u>
Total accumulated depreciation	6,685,722	947,520	320,762	7,312,480
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	16,725,973	3,388,162	13,428	20,100,707
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 18,316,991	\$7,570,420	\$3,924,413	\$ 21,962,998
	<u>\$\psi\$ 10,510,771</u>	$\frac{\psi \tau, 5 \tau 0, 120}{2}$	Ψ2,727,713	<u>Ψ 21,702,778</u>
Depreciation expense was charged	to the following	functions:		
Governmental activities: Public safety and legal service County environment and expression Roads and transportation Administrative services	\$ 43,484 44,733 826,449 32,854			
Total depreciation expense - gover	<u>\$ 947,520</u>			

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2014

NOTE 6 - DUE TO OTHER GOVERNMENTS

The County purchases services from other governmental units and also acts as a fee and tax collection agent for various governmental units. Tax collections are remitted to those governments in the month following collection. A summary of amounts due to other governments is as follows:

<u>Fund</u>	Description		Amount
General	Services	\$	281,821
Special Revenue: Mental Health Local Option Sales Tax Drainage Districts	Services		35,147 163 1,550
Total for governmental funds	S	<u>\$</u>	318,681
Agency:			
County Assessor Schools Community Colleges Corporations Auto License and Use Tax County Hospital All Other	Collections	\$	566,086 9,647,438 902,470 4,992,954 331,458 2,175,808 747,410
Total for agency funds		\$	19,363,624

NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

A summary of changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2014 is as follows:

	General Obligation Bonds	General Obligation Installment Contract	Compensated Absences	Total	
Balance beginning of year Increases Decreases	\$ 617,152 55,830	\$ 350,000 	\$ 195,171 11,525	\$ 812,323 350,000 67,355	
Balance end of year	<u>\$ 561,322</u>	\$ 350,000	<u>\$ 183,646</u>	\$ 1,094,968	
Due within one year	\$ 56,000	\$ 27,827	<u>\$ 183,646</u>	<u>\$ 267,473</u>	

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2014

NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES - Continued

A summary of the County's June 30, 2014 general obligation indebtedness is as follows:

Year ending June 30,	Interest Rates	Principal			Interest	Total		
2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020-2024 2025	3.35% - 5.00% 3.35% - 5.00% 3.35% - 5.00% 3.35% - 5.00% 3.35% - 5.00% 3.35% - 5.00%	\$	83,827 90,218 91,679 98,213 99,823 387,394 60,168	\$	38,147 34,703 30,944 27,158 23,082 51,406 2,736	\$	121,974 124,921 122,623 125,371 122,905 438,800 62,904	
Total		\$	911,322	<u>\$</u>	208,176	<u>\$</u>	1,119,498	

During the year ended June 30, 2014, the County retired \$55,830 of general obligation bonds.

NOTE 8 - PENSION AND RETIREMENT BENEFITS

The County contributes to the Iowa Public Employees Retirement System (IPERS), which is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of Iowa. IPERS provides retirement and death benefits which are established by state statute to plan members and beneficiaries. IPERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing to IPERS, P.O. Box 9117, Des Moines, Iowa, 50306-9117.

Most regular plan members are required to contribute 5.95% of their annual covered salary and the County is required to contribute 8.93% of covered salary. Certain employees in special risk occupations and the County contribute an actuarially determined contribution rate. Contribution requirements are established by state statute. The County's contributions to IPERS for the years ended June 30, 2014, 2013, and 2012 were approximately \$371,000, \$338,000, and \$309,000, respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2014

NOTE 9 - RISK MANAGEMENT

Cass County is a member in the Iowa Communities Assurance Pool, as allowed by Chapter 331.301 of the Code of Iowa. The Iowa Communities Assurance Pool (Pool) is a local government risk-sharing pool whose 700 members from various governmental entities throughout the State of Iowa. The Pool was formed in August, 1986 for the purpose of managing and funding third-party liability claims against its members. The Pool provides coverage and protection in the following categories: general liability, automobile liability, automobile physical damage, public officials liability, police professional liability, property, inland marine, and boiler/machinery. There have been no reductions in insurance coverage from prior years.

Each member's annual casualty contributions to the Pool fund current operations and provide capital. Annual operating contributions are those amounts necessary to fund, on a cash basis, the Pool's general and administrative expenses, claims, claims expenses and reinsurance expenses estimated for the fiscal year, plus all or any portion of any deficiency in capital. Capital contributions are made during the first six years of membership and are maintained at a level determined by the Board not to exceed 300% of basis rate or to comply with the requirements of any applicable regulatory authority having jurisdiction over the Pool.

The Pool also provides property coverage. Members who elect such coverage make annual property operating contributions which are necessary to fund, on a cash basis, the Pool's general and administrative expense, reinsurance premiums, losses and loss expenses for property risks estimated for the fiscal year, plus all or any portion of any deficiency in capital. Any year-end operating surplus is transferred to capital. Deficiencies in operations are offset by transfers from capital and, if insufficient, by the subsequent year's member contributions.

The County's property and casualty contributions to the risk pool are recorded as expenditures from its operating funds at the time of payment to the risk pool. The County's annual contributions to the Pool for the year ended June 30, 2014 were approximately \$167,400.

The Pool uses reinsurance and excess risk-sharing agreements to reduce its exposure to large losses. The Pool retains general, automobile, police professional, and public officials' liability risks up to \$350,000 per claim. Claims exceeding \$350,000 are reinsured through reinsurance and excess risk-sharing agreements up to the amount of risk-sharing protection provided by the County's risk-sharing certificate. Property and automobile physical damage risks are retained by the Pool up to \$150,000 each occurrence, each location. Property risks exceeding \$150,000 are reinsured through reinsurance and excess risk-sharing agreements up to the amount of risk-sharing protection provided by the County's risk-sharing certificate.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2014

NOTE 9 - RISK MANAGEMENT - continued

The Pool's intergovernmental contract with its members provides that in the event a casualty claim, property loss or series of claims or losses exceeds the amount of risk-sharing protection provided by the member's risk-sharing certificate, or in the event that a casualty claim, property loss or series of claims or losses exhausts the Pool's funds and any excess risk-sharing recoveries, then payment of such claims or losses shall be the obligation of the respective individual member against whom the claim was made or the loss was incurred.

The County does not report a liability for losses in excess of reinsurance or excess risk-sharing recoveries unless it is deemed probable that such losses have occurred and the amount of such loss can be reasonably estimated. Accordingly, at June 30, 2014, no liability has been recorded in the County's financial statements. As of June 30, 2014, settled claims have not exceeded the risk pool or reinsurance coverage since the Pool's inception.

Members agree to continue membership in the Pool for a period of not less than one full year. After such period, a member who has given 60 days prior written notice may withdraw from the Pool. Upon withdrawal, payments for all casualty claims and claim expenses become the sole responsibility of the withdrawing member, regardless of whether a claim was incurred or reported prior to the member's withdrawal. Upon withdrawal, a formula set forth in the Pool's intergovernmental contract with its members is applied to determine the amount (if any) to be refunded to the withdrawing member.

The County also carries commercial insurance purchased from other insurers for coverage associated with workers compensation and employee blanket bond in the amount of \$1,000,000 and \$100,000, respectively. The County assumes liability for any deductibles and claims in excess of coverage limitations. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

NOTE 10 - EMPLOYEE HEALTH INSURANCE PLAN

The Internal Service, Employee Group Health Fund was established to account for the partial self funding of the County's health insurance benefit plan. The plan is funded by both employee and County contributions and is administered through a service agreement with Wellmark. The agreement is subject to automatic renewal provisions. The County assumes liability for claims up to the individual out of pocket maximum of \$4,000 for single coverage and \$8,000 for family coverage. Claims in excess of the out of pocket maximums are insured through the purchase of insurance.

Monthly payments of service fees and plan contributions to the Employee Group Health Fund are recorded as expenditures from the operating funds. Under the administrative services agreement, monthly payments of service fees and claims processed are paid to Wellmark from the Employee Group Health Fund. The County's contribution to the fund for the year ended June 30, 2014 was \$1,045,856.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2014

NOTE 10 - EMPLOYEE HEALTH INSURANCE PLAN - continued

Amounts payable from the Employee Group Health Fund at June 30, 2014 total \$500, which is for incurred but not recorded (IBNR) and reported but not paid claims. A liability has been established based on the requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement Number 10, which requires that a liability for claims be reported if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable that a liability has incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Settlements have not exceeded the stop-loss coverage in any of the past three years. At June 30, 2014, the County has accumulated funds in excess of actual claims paid of \$173,820, which is reported as net position of the Internal Service, Employee Group Health Fund.

NOTE 11 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

Plan Description: The County operates a single-employer health benefit plan which provides medical, prescription drug, dental, and vision benefits for employees, retirees, and their spouses. There are 106 active and 2 retired members in the plan. Retired participants must be age 55 or older at retirement.

The medical, prescription drug, dental, and vision benefits are provided through a fully-insured plan with Wellmark. Retirees under age 65 pay the same premium for the medical/prescription drug benefits as active employees.

Funding Policy: The contribution requirements of plan members are established and may be amended by the County. The County currently finances the benefit plan on a pay-as-you-go basis. The most recent active member monthly premiums for the County and plan members are \$664 for single coverage and \$1,479 for family coverage. For the year ended June 30, 2014, the County contributed \$1,045,856 and plan members eligible for benefits contributed \$182,591 to the plan.

Net OPEB Obligation: Management had an actuarial valuation performed dated October 30, 2013. The actuarial report noted the unfunded actuarial accrued liability to be \$237,896. The annual required contribution for the year end June 30, 2014 is \$35,227. The actuarial accrued liability is assuming a 30% participation rate; however, the County's current participation rate is approximately two percent. Because of the high assumed participation rate, management considers the actuarial accrued liability to be overstated. Management considers the liability to be immaterial and has not recorded this liability in its statements of net position.

NOTE 12 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Subsequent Events

Subsequent to year end, the County purchased various equipment items, a culvert replacement, and a building totaling approximately \$900,000. These purchases were made with existing funds.

The County has evaluated all subsequent events through January 21, 2015, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Budgetary Comparison Schedule of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Balances -Budget and Actual (Cash Basis) - All Governmental Funds

Required Supplementary Information

Year ended June 30, 2014

Dagainta		Actual	Less Funds not Required to be Budgete	0	Net
Receipts: Property and other County tax	\$	6,662,426	\$	\$	6,662,426
Interest and penalty on property tax	Ψ	50,946	ψ		50,946
Intergovernmental		6,342,042			6,342,042
Licenses and permits		20,150			20,150
Charges for service		343,893			343,893
Use of money and property		157,878			157,878
Miscellaneous		287,671			287,671
Total receipts		13,865,006			13,865,006
Disbursements: Public safety and legal services Physical health and social services Mental health County environment and education Roads and transportation Governmental services to residents Administrative services Non-program Debt service Capital projects Total disbursements		2,373,024 502,620 1,089,646 434,203 4,951,507 519,655 1,299,672 2,747,574 77,435 461,760 14,457,096			2,373,024 502,620 1,089,646 434,203 4,951,507 519,655 1,299,672 2,747,574 77,435 461,760 14,457,096
Excess (deficiency) of receipts over (under) disbursements	(592,090)		(592,090)
Other financing sources, net		493,762			493,762
Excess (deficiency) of receipts and other financing sources over (under) disbursements and other financing uses	(98,328)		(98,328)
Balance beginning of year		4,912,704	1,5	<u>50</u>	4,911,154
Balance end of year	<u>\$</u>	4,814,376	\$ 1,5	<u>50</u> <u>\$</u>	4,812,826

See accompanying independent auditor's report.

	Budgatad	Final to Net						
	Budgeted Original	Ащ	Final		Variance			
	Original		1 mai	-	variance			
\$	6,717,530	\$	6,780,030	\$(117,604)			
	46,410		46,410	+(4,536			
	5,875,564		9,915,314	(3,573,272)			
	17,225		17,225	`	2,925			
	335,290		335,290		8,603			
	155,345		155,345		2,533			
	559,525		583,475	_(_	<u>295,804</u>)			
	13,706,889		17,833,089	_(_	3,968,083)			
	2.526.492		2 ((0 000		206064			
	2,536,483		2,669,088		296,064			
	535,357		586,857		84,237			
	1,171,840 510,358		1,171,840		82,194			
	4,775,000		510,358 5,860,000		76,155			
	664,921		664,921		908,493 145,266			
	1,577,383		1,577,383		277,711			
	1,197,589		5,134,399		2,386,825			
	234,369		234,369		156,934			
	1,398,053		1,178,053		716,293			
	14,601,353		19,587,268		5,130,172			
					0,100,172			
(894,464)	(1,754,179)		1,162,089			
					493,762			
(904 464)	(1 754 170)		1 (55 051			
(894,464)	(1,754,179)		1,655,851			
	2,877,547		4,906,940		4,214			
\$	1,983,083	\$	3,152,761	\$	1,660,065			
*	1,000,000	Ψ	2,124,101	Ψ	1,000,003			

Budgetary Comparison Schedule -Budget to GAAP Reconciliation

Required Supplementary Information

Year ended June 30, 2014

	Governmental Fund Types						
		Cash Basis		Accrual Adjustments		Modified Accrual Basis	
Revenues	\$	13,865,006	\$	36,151	\$	13,901,157	
Expenditures		14,457,096		11,205		14,468,301	
Net	(592,090)		24,946	(567,144)	
Other financing sources, net		493,762				493,762	
Beginning fund balances		4,912,704	_(39,273)		4,873,431	
Ending fund balances	<u>\$</u>	4,814,376	<u>\$(</u>	<u>14,327</u>)	\$	4,800,049	

Notes to Required Supplementary Information - Budgetary Reporting

June 30, 2014

This budgetary comparison is presented as Required Supplementary Information in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 41 for governments with significant budgetary perspective differences resulting from not being able to present budgetary comparisons for the General Fund and each major Special Revenue Fund.

In accordance with the Code of Iowa, the County Board of Supervisors annually adopts a budget on the cash basis following required public notice and hearing for all funds, except blended component units and agency funds, and appropriates the amount deemed necessary for each of the different County offices and departments. The budget may be amended during the year utilizing similar statutorily prescribed procedures. Encumbrances are not recognized on the cash basis budget and appropriations lapse at year end.

Formal and legal budgetary control is based upon ten major classes of expenditures known as functions, not by fund. These ten functions are: public safety and legal services, physical health and social services, mental health, county environment and education, roads and transportation, governmental services to residents, administration, non-program, debt service and capital projects. Function disbursements required to be budgeted include disbursements for the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, Debt Service Fund, and Capital Projects Funds. Although the budget document presents function disbursements by fund, the legal level of control is at the aggregated function level, not by fund. Legal budgetary control is also based upon the appropriation to each office or department. During the year, one budget amendment increased budgeted disbursements by \$4,985,915. The budget amendment is reflected in the final budgeted amounts.

In addition, annual budgets are similarly adopted in accordance with the Code of Iowa by the appropriate governing body as indicated: for the County Extension Office by the County Agricultural Extension Council, for the County Assessor by the County Conference Board, for the E911 System by the Joint E911 Service Board and for Emergency Management Services by the County Emergency Management Commission.

During the year ended June 30, 2014, disbursements did not exceed the amounts budgeted in any function.

Schedule of Funding Progress for the Retiree Health Plan (In Thousands)

Required Supplementary Information

Year Ended June 30,	Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Ace Lia	uarial crued bility L) (b)	(Ú	funded AAL JAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c)
2013 2014	July 1, 2012 July 1, 2012	 	\$	238 238	\$	238 238	0.0% 0.0%	\$ 3,690 3,964	6.5% 6.0%

See Note 11 in the accompanying Notes to Financial Statements for the plan description, funding policy, annual OPEB cost, net OPEB obligation, funded status and funding progress.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds

June 30, 2014

				Special	Rev	enue/		
	County Recorder's Records Management		County Recorder's Electronic Transfer		Conservation Land Acquisition Trust		Resource Enhancement and Protection	
Assets								
Cash and pooled investments Receivables:	\$	4,788	\$	514	\$	15,223	\$	37,554
Accounts			_					
Total assets	\$	4,788	<u>\$_</u>	514	<u>\$_</u>	15,223	<u>\$</u>	37,554
Liabilities and Fund Balances								
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable Salaries and benefits payable Due to other governments Total liabilities	\$	 	\$	 	\$ 	 	\$	
Fund balances: Restricted for:								
Capital projects Other purposes Total fund balances		4,788 4,788		514 514		15,223 15,223		37,554 37,554
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	4,788	<u>\$</u>	514	\$	15,223	<u>\$</u>	37,554

	S	pec	1al Revenue								
	Flood and Erosion		Drainage Districts	Int	eographic formation System		Debt Service		Capital Projects		Total
\$	41,295	\$	1,550	\$	89,720	\$		\$	63,249	\$	253,893
		_							5,000		<u>5,000</u>
<u>\$</u>	41,295	<u>\$_</u>	1,550	<u>\$</u>	89,720	<u>\$</u> _		<u>\$</u>	<u>68,249</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>258,893</u>
\$	36 568 604	\$	1,550 1,550	\$ 	 	\$	 	\$	2,220 2,220	\$	2,256 568 1,550 4,374
	40,691 40,691		 		 89,720 89,720		 		66,029 66,029		66,029 188,490 254,519
\$	41,295	\$	1,550	\$	_89,720	\$		\$	68 249	\$	258 893

Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Year ended June 30, 2014

				Special R	evenue	
	County Recorder's Records Management		County Recorder's Electronic Transfer		Conservation Land Acquisition Trust	Resource Enhancement and Protection
Revenues: Intergovernmental Charges for service Use of money and property Miscellaneous Total revenues	\$	2,371 4 2,375	\$	 99 99	\$ 7,830 7,830	\$ 14,273 2
Expenditures: Operating: County environment and						
education Debt service		1			5,505	
Capital projects Total expenditures		1			5,505	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		2,374		99	2,325	14,275
Other financing sources (uses): General obligation bonds issued Operating transfers in						
Operating transfers out						
Total other financing sources (uses)						
Change in fund balances		2,374		99	2,325	14,275
Fund balances beginning of year		2,414		415	12,898	23,279
Fund balances end of year	\$	4,788	\$	514	\$ 15,223	\$ 37,554

_	Sr	ecial Revenue				
	Flood and Erosion	Drainage Districts	Geographic Information System	Debt Service	Capital Projects	Total
\$	27,000 27,000	\$ 	\$ 148 50,000 50,148	\$ 41,961 41,961	\$ 114,070 5,861 119,931	\$ 41,273 2,519 114,175 105,652 263,619
	7,097 7,097	 	78,570 78,570	77,435 	463,980 463,980	91,173 77,435 463,980 632,588
	19,903		(28,422)	(35,474)	(344,049)	(368,969)
	 	 	100,000	35,474	350,000 (35,474)	350,000 135,474 (35,474)
			100,000	35,474	314,526	450,000
	19,903		71,578	. 	(29,523)	81,031
	20,788		18,142		95,552	173,488
\$	40,691	\$	\$ 89,720	\$	<u>\$ 66,029</u>	<u>\$ 254,519</u>

Combining Schedule of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities Agency Funds

June 30, 2014

		County Offices	Ĕ	ricultural xtension ducation	County Assessor	
Assets						
Cash and pooled investments: County Treasurer Other County officials Receivables: Property tax:	\$	23,383	\$	2,743	\$	57,484
Delinquent Succeeding year Accounts		 		290 198,000 		744 508,000
Due from other funds Due from other governments		1,65 <u>1</u>				13,053
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	25,034	<u>\$</u>	201,033	<u>\$</u>	579,281
Liabilities						
Accounts payable Salaries and benefits payable Due to other funds Due to other governments Trusts payable Compensated absences	\$	1,851 23,183	\$	201,033	\$	142 566,086 13,053
Total liabilities	<u>\$</u>	25,034	<u>\$</u>	201,033	<u>\$</u>	579,281

(continued next page)

	Child Support ecovery	Ma	mergency anagement Services		City Special essments	Sc	hools	Co	ommunity Colleges	_ <u>C</u>	orporations
		-		z							
\$	21,741	\$	17,155	\$	3,662	\$ 1	21,083	\$	10,117 	\$	47,067
	 		 1 		 	9,5	13,355 13,000		1,353 891,000		21,887 4,924,000
	<u>43,761</u>		23,174	<u> </u>	 		 				
<u>\$</u>	65,502	<u>\$</u>	40,329	<u>\$</u>	3,662	<u>\$9,6</u>	<u>47,438</u>	\$	902,470	<u>\$</u>	4,992,954
\$	 50,677	\$	82 36,204	\$	3,662	\$ 9,6	 47,438	\$	 902,470	\$	 4,992,954
	14,825		4,043		 	-			<u></u> .		
<u>\$</u>	65,502	\$	40,329	<u>\$</u>	3,662	<u>\$9,6</u>	<u>47,438</u>	\$	902,470	<u>\$</u>	4,992,954

Cass County

Combining Schedule of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities - Continued Agency Funds

June 30, 2014

Assets	_ <u>To</u>	ownships_	C	ronmental control gency	Brucellosis and Tuberculosis Eradication
Assets					
Cash and pooled investments: County Treasurer Other County officials Receivables: Property tax:	\$	3,144	\$	 	1,501
Delinquent		9			4
Succeeding year		205,000			3,000
Accounts					
Due from other funds					
Due from other governments				<u>37,423</u>	
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	208,153	\$	37,423	<u>\$ 4,505</u>
Liabilities					
Accounts payable Salaries and benefits payable	\$		\$	12,862 2,723	\$
Due to other funds				2,123	
Due to other governments		208,153			4,505
Trusts payable					
Compensated absences				21,838	
Total liabilities	<u>\$</u>	208,153	\$	37,423	<u>\$ 4,505</u>

(continued next page)

to License d Use Tax		Advance Tax	_	County Hospital		Public Safety		County Recorder's Electronic Fee		E911 Operating
\$ 345,497	\$	44,987	\$	29,777	\$	6,161	\$	`211	\$	
										
		3		3,031						
				2,143,000						
						29,784				
 	_				_	27,311				
\$ 345,497	<u>\$</u>	44,990	<u>\$</u>	2,175,808	<u>\$</u>	63,256	<u>\$</u>	211	<u>\$</u>	
\$ 14,039	\$		\$		\$	625	\$		\$	
						4,066				
						40.010				
331,458		44,990		2,175,808		42,310		211		-
 	_	 	_			16,255		 		
\$ 345,497	<u>\$</u>	44,990	<u>\$</u>	2,175,808	<u>\$</u>	63,256	<u>\$</u>	211	<u>\$</u>	

Combining Schedule of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities - Continued Agency Funds

June 30, 2014

	E911 <u>Surcharge</u>		Cass-Audubon Economic Development		Pla	ronmental anning Γrust
Assets						
Cash and pooled investments: County Treasurer Other County officials Receivables: Property tax:	\$	136,021	\$	25,453 	\$	2,177
Delinquent Succeeding year						
Accounts		3,610				
Due from other funds Due from other governments				 		
Total assets	\$	139,631	\$	25,453	\$	2,177
Liabilities						
Accounts payable Salaries and benefits payable Due to other funds Due to other governments Trusts payable Compensated absences	\$	25,404 114,227 	\$	25,453 	\$	2,177
Total liabilities	<u>\$</u>	139,631	\$	25,453	<u>\$</u>	2,177

ronmental ecycling Trust	Total					
\$ 13,808	\$	889,789 23,383				
 		40,676 18,385,000 3,610 29,784 146,373				
\$ 13,808	\$	19,518,615				
\$ 13,808 	\$	53,154 6,789 1,851 19,363,624 23,183 70,014				
\$ 13,808	<u>\$</u>	19,518,615				

Combining Schedule of Changes in Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities Agency Funds

Year ended June 30, 2014

	County Offices	Agricultural Extension Education	County Assessor
Assets and Liabilities			
Balances beginning of year	<u>\$ 7,489</u>	<u>\$ 192,623</u>	\$ 460,453
Additions: Property and other County tax E911 surcharge State tax credits Office fees and collections Auto licenses, use tax and postage Drivers license fees Electronic transaction fees Assessments Trusts Advances Distribution from E911 surcharge fund Miscellaneous Total additions	205,212 205,212 506,629	197,017 10,146	507,455 19,886 -75 527,416
Deductions: Agency Remittances: To other funds To other governments Trusts paid out Distribution to E911 operating fund Total deductions	160,379 140,573 188,132 	198,753 198,753	408,588 408,588
Balances end of year	<u>\$ 25,034</u>	<u>\$ 201,033</u>	<u>\$ 579,281</u>

(continued next page)

Child Support Recovery	Emergency Management Services	City Special Assessments	Schools	Community Colleges	Corporations	
\$ 69,997	\$ 23,800	\$ 2,290	\$8,763,623	\$ 710,066	<u>\$ 4,764,925</u>	
			9,480,838	889,635	4,737,611	
 	 	 	458,946	37,368	272,347	
 			. 			
		 15,117				
	 	13,117	 			
	· 					
337,327	105,614	 				
$\frac{337,327}{337,327}$	105,614	15,117	9,939,784	927,003	5,009,958	
341,822	89,085	13,745	9,055,969	734,599	4,781,929	
J+1,022						
341,822	89,085	13,745	9,055,969	734,599	4,781,929	
	07,003	13,713				
<u>\$ 65,502</u>	<u>\$ 40,329</u>	<u>\$ 3,662</u>	<u>\$9,647,438</u>	<u>\$ 902,470</u>	<u>\$ 4,992,954</u>	

Combining Schedule of Changes in Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities - Continued Agency Funds

Year ended June 30, 2014

	_ To	ownships	C	onmental ontrol gency	Brucell and Tubercu Eradica	losis
Assets and Liabilities				·		
Balances beginning of year	<u>\$</u>	184,716	\$	39,309	\$	4,545
Additions:						
Property and other County tax		208,230				3,335
E911 surcharge						
State tax credits		8,745				125
Office fees and collections						
Auto licenses, use tax and postage						
Drivers license fees Electronic transaction fees						
Assessments						
Trusts						
Advances						
Distribution from E911 surcharge		. <u></u>				
fund						
Miscellaneous				905,357		
Total additions		216,975		905,357		3,460
Deductions:						
Agency Remittances:						
To other funds						
To other governments		193,538		907,243		3,500
Trusts paid out						
Distribution to E911 operating						
fund				007.046		<u></u>
Total deductions		193,538		907,243		3,500
Balances end of year	<u>\$</u>	208,153	<u>\$</u>	37,423	<u>\$</u>	<u>4,505</u>

(continued next page)

	Auto License and Use Tax	Advance Tax		County Hospital	-	Public Safety	County Recorder's Electronic Fee
<u>\$</u>	328,248	\$ 85,263	<u>\$</u>	2,136,885	\$_	43,083	\$ 561
				2,087,499			
				110 122			
				110,133			
	4,312,898						
	134,135						
							2,371
		48,348					
	 207					448,318	
_	287 4,447,320	48,348	_	2,197,632	_	448,318	2,371
_	4,447,320		_	2,177,032	_	110,510	
	213,705						2.721
	4,216,366	88,621		2,158,709		428,145	2,721
						. 	
				·			
_	4,430,071	88,621	_	2,158,709	_	428,145	2,721
<u>\$</u>	345,497	\$ 44,990	<u>\$</u>	2,175,808	<u>\$</u>	63,256	<u>\$ 211</u>

Cass County

Combining Schedule of Changes in Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities - Continued Agency Funds

Year ended June 30, 2014

		E911 E911 Operating Surcharge		Cass-Audubon Economic <u>Development</u>		
Assets and Liabilities			-			
Balances beginning of year	\$	973	\$	101,976	\$	29,375
Additions:						
Property and other County tax						
E911 surcharge				148,944		
State tax credits						
Office fees and collections						
Auto licenses, use tax and postage						
Drivers license fees						
Electronic transaction fees						
Assessments						
Trusts						
Advances						·
Distribution from E911 surcharge						
fund		111,970				
Miscellaneous				681		80,000
Total additions		111,970		149,625		80,000
Deductions:						
Agency Remittances:						
To other funds		112,943				
To other governments						83,922
Trusts paid out						
Distribution to E911 operating						
fund				111,970		
Total deductions		112,943		111,970		83,922
Balances end of year	<u>\$</u>		<u>\$</u>	139,631	\$	25,453

Environmental Planning Trust	Environmental Recycling Trust	Tax Sale Redemption	Total
\$ 2,227	\$ 5,061	\$	\$ 17,957,488
 	 	 78,268	18,111,620 148,944 917,696 301,492 4,312,898 134,135 2,371 15,117 283,480 48,348
4,165 4,165 4,215	8,747 8,747	78,268 78,268	1,890,496 26,278,567 487,027 23,852,043 266,400 111,970
4,215 \$ 2,177	<u></u> <u></u> <u>\$ 13,808</u>	78,268 \$	24,717,440 \$ 19,518,615

Schedule of Revenues by Source and Expenditures by Function - All Governmental Fund Types

For the Last Ten Years

	Modified Accrual Basis									
		2014		2013		2012		2011		2010
Revenues:										
Property and other	Φ	6 607 010	ø	6 600 065	Φ	C 150 000	Φ	C 000 540	Φ	7 0 CO 000
County tax	\$	6,627,919	\$	6,620,965	2	6,150,888	3	5,888,548	7	5,069,888
Interest and penalty on		50 570		16 945		49.160		50.072		45.025
property tax		50,578		46,845		48,160		50,972		45,035
Intergovernmental		6,401,335		5,145,746		6,705,691		6,087,544		6,509,684
Licenses and permits		20,150		25,939		26,618		72,190		16,134
Charges for service		351,156		366,761		352,680		364,599		331,044
Use of money and		101.076		1.40.006		160.046		1.60.070		150.006
property		191,376		149,986		160,946		160,970		173,836
Miscellaneous		258,643	_	343,528		944,132	_	402,507	_	313,162
T 1	Ф	12 001 157	Φ	10 (00 770	Φ	14 200 115	ተ	12.027.220	d.	10 450 702
Total	7	<u>13,901,157</u>	<u> </u>	<u>12,699,770</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>14,389,115</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>13,027,330</u>	<u>7</u>	<u>12,458,783</u>
Expenditures:										
Operating:										
Public safety and										
•	\$	2,359,152	\$	2,059,001	\$	1,935,360	\$	1,851,156	\$	1,672,950
legal services	Ф	2,339,132	Ф	2,039,001	Ф	1,933,300	Φ	1,051,150	Ф	1,072,930
Physical health and social services		499,198		369,124		478,949		441,375		554,996
		1,092,156		1,159,179		2,312,828		1,916,651		2,067,276
Mental health		1,092,130		1,139,179		2,312,020		1,910,031		2,007,270
County environment		517 054		572.006		120 611		122 660		200 606
and education		517,854		572,006		430,641		433,668		389,686
Roads and transportation	n	4,958,282		4,215,133		4,375,809		4,167,109		4,216,540
Governmental services		502 171		420.205		402 (00		410.070		207.210
to residents		523,171		429,305		402,688		410,872		396,319
Administration		1,222,405		1,174,627		1,129,327		1,070,552		1,019,398
Non-program		2,405,639		1,486,923		867,510		798,090		1,600,473
Debt service		77,435		114,758		249,448		51,584		52,295
Capital projects	_	813,009	_	362,366		2,196,115	_	798,625	_	1,166,098
Total	<u>\$</u>	14,468,301	<u>\$</u>	11,942,422	<u>\$</u>	14,378,675	<u>\$</u>	11,939,682	<u>\$</u>	13,136,031

2000		lified Accrual E		2005
2009	2008	2007	2006	2005
				•
\$ 4,851,694	\$ 4,805,648	\$ 4,678,010	\$ 4,321,827	\$ 4,276,692
40.000	46.544	5 0.066	25.052	46.886
49,092	46,544	50,066	35,853	46,776
5,398,243	4,998,735	4,504,374	4,062,946	4,053,344
12,901	16,179	11,624	12,654	10,012
352,024	369,449	311,806	336,859	349,344
197,003	296,102	304,575	279,717	175,927
264,702	325,451	537,730	661,879	282,682
201,702	323,131	337,730		202,002
11,125,659	<u>\$ 10,858,108</u>	<u>\$ 10,398,185</u>	\$ 9,711,735	\$ 9,194,777
				,
h 1 710 500	Φ 1 CCC 411	Ф 1.705.1 <i>C</i> 1	ф 1 <i>(</i> 11 100	ф 1 202 200
1,710,523	\$ 1,666,411	\$ 1,725,161	\$ 1,611,122	\$ 1,382,309
433,167	415,007	385,611	386,747	395,282
2,121,352	2,315,481	2,147,822	1,941,999	1,795,418
		260 200		244 = 20
434,787	367,127	360,300	307,792	311,758
4,126,502	3,620,861	3,412,537	3,481,258	3,400,642
359,223	348,097	337,930	462,230	334,862
1,007,030	992,373	923,555	971,115	846,822
337,343	24,067	29,592	117,090	188,489
49,130	569,529	27,572		100,102
1,081,410	1,412,044	2,138,169	532,209	404,139
1,001,410	1,712,044	2,130,107	334,203	

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Year ended June 30, 2014

Grantor/Program	CFDA Number	Agency or Pass-through Number	Program Expenditures
Indirect: U.S. Department of Agriculture: Iowa Department of Human Services: State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program	10.561		\$ 18,138
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development: Iowa Department of Economic Development: Community Development Block Grant Program/State's Program and Non- Entitlement Grants in Hawaii	14.228	08-DRH-203/ 08-DRH-003	2,231,020
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services: Iowa Department of Public Health: Public Health Emergency Preparedness	93.069	5883BT15	2,520
Public Health Emergency Preparedness	93.074	5884BT11	30,704
Centers for Disease Control and Prevention - Investigations and Technical Assistance	93.283	5883NB06	21,582
Community Transformation Grant Community Projects	93.531	5882HP02/ 5883HP03	90,045
Iowa Department of Human Services: Human Services Administrative Reimbursements: Child Care Mandatory and Matching Funds of the Child Care and Development Fun Foster Care - Title IV-E Adoption Assistance - Title IV-E Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP)	93.596 93.658 93.659 93.767		5,129 6,841 1,980 67
Medical Assistance Program (Medicaid, Title XIX)	93.778		28,584

(continued next page)

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards - Continued

Year ended June 30, 2014

Grantor/Program	CFDA Number	Agency or Pass-through Number		Program penditures
Indirect: Iowa Department of Human Services (continued): Social Services Block Grant	93.667		\$	6,391
U.S. Department of Homeland Security: Iowa Homeland Security and Emergency Management Division: Emergency Management Performance Grants	97.042	EMPG-13-PT-15		24,735
Total			<u>\$</u>	2,467,736

<u>Basis of Presentation</u> -The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes the federal grant activity of Cass County and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information on this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, <u>Audits of States</u>, <u>Local Governments</u>, and <u>Non-Profit Organizations</u>. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation, of the general purpose financial statements.

COMMENTS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Gronewold, Bell, Kyhnn & Co. P.C.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS • BUSINESS AND FINANCIAL CONSULTANTS

1910 EAST 7th STREET BOX 369 ATLANTIC, IOWA 50022-0369 (712) 243-1800 FAX (712) 243-1265 CPA@GBKCO,COM Mark D. Kyhnn David L. Hannasch Kenneth P. Tegels Christopher J. Nelson David A. Ginther

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting
and on Compliance and Other Matters

Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with
Government Auditing Standards

To the Officials of Cass County, Iowa

We have audited in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Governmental Auditing Standards</u>, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Cass County, Iowa, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 21, 2015.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Cass County's internal control over financial reporting to determine the audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Cass County's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Cass County's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and, therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined below.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility a material misstatement of the County's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

To the Officials of Cass County, Iowa

A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies in internal control which is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Cass County's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, non-compliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of non-compliance or other matters that are required to be reported under <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>. However, we noted a certain immaterial instance of non-compliance or other matter that is described in Part IV of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

Comments involving statutory and other legal matters about the County's operations for the year ended June 30, 2014 are based exclusively on knowledge obtained from procedures performed during our audit of the financial statements of the County. Since our audit was based on tests and samples, not all transactions that might have had an impact on the comments were necessarily audited. The comments involving statutory and other legal matters are not intended to constitute legal interpretations of those statutes.

Response to Finding

Cass County's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. Cass County's response was not subjected to auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> in considering the County's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

.). J. a) + nody, kylon, the some

Atlantic, Iowa

January 21, 2015

Gronewold, Bell, Kyhnn & Co. P.C.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS • BUSINESS AND FINANCIAL CONSULTANTS

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MARK D. KYHNN DAVID L. HANNASCH KENNETH P. TEGELS CHRISTOPHER J. NELSON DAVID A. GINTHER

Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance
for Each Major Federal Program, on Internal Control over Compliance
and on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards
Required by OMB Circular A-133

To the Officials of Cass County, Iowa

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Cass County Iowa's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on the County's major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2014. The County's major federal program is identified in the summary of the independent auditor's results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

Management's Responsibility

Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements applicable to its major federal program is the responsibility of the County's management.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for the County's major federal program based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the County's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for the major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination on the County's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Cass County complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2014.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Cass County is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Cass County's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on the major federal program to determine the auditing procedures appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for the major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over compliance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined below.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Smerdy, Bell, Kyhnn x6. P. C.

Atlantic, Iowa January 21, 2015

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs

Year ended June 30, 2014

Part I: Summary of the Independent Auditor's Results

Fina	ancial Statements				
(a)	Type of auditor's report issued: Unmodified.				
(b)	 Internal control over financial reporting: Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified? 		yes yes	<u>X</u> X	no none reported
(c)	Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?		yes	_X_	no
Fede	eral Awards				
(d)	 Internal control over major program: Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified? 		yes yes	<u>X</u> <u>X</u>	no none reported
(e)	Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for n • Unmodified.	najor pro	ogram:		
(f)	Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Section 510(a) of the OMB Circular A-133?		yes	_X_	no
(g)	Identification of major program:				
	CFDA Number 14.228 - Community Devel State's Program and Non-Entitlement Gra			rant Prog	gram/
(h)	Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type	A and T	ype B pro	ograms:	\$300,000.
(i)	Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	_X_	yes		no

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs

Year ended June 30, 2014

Part II: Findings Related to the Financial Statements

INSTANCES OF NON-COMPLIANCE:

No matters were reported.

INTERNAL CONTROL DEFICIENCIES:

No matters were reported.

Part III: Findings and Questioned Costs for Federal Awards

INSTANCES OF NON- COMPLIANCE:

No matters were reported.

INTERNAL CONTROL DEFICIENCIES:

No matters were reported.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs

Year ended June 30, 2014

Part IV: Other Findings Related to Required Statutory Reporting

- 14-IV-A <u>Certified Budget</u>: Disbursements during the year ended June 30, 2014 did not exceed the amounts budgeted.
- 14-IV-B <u>Questionable Expenditures</u>: No expenditures were noted that do not meet the requirements of public purpose as defined in an Attorney General's opinion dated April 25, 1979.
- 14-IV-C <u>Travel Expense</u>: No expenditures of County money for travel expenses of spouses of County officials or employees were noted.
- 14-IV-D <u>Business Transactions</u>: The following business transactions between the County and County officials were noted:

Name, Title and Business Connection	Transaction Description	Amount				
Joyce Jensen, Recorder, Stockholder in Robinson Hardware	Supplies	\$	3,078			

The transactions with a corporation in which the Recorder owns stock may represent conflicts of interest as defined in Chapter 331.342 of the Code of Iowa since the total transactions exceed \$1,500 during the fiscal year and the transactions were not competitively bid.

<u>Recommendation</u>: The County should consult legal counsel to determine the disposition of this matter.

<u>Response</u>: All purchases from Robinson Hardware were made by departments other than that of the Recorder, except for \$24, with no single purchase greater than \$500. This is not considered to be a conflict.

Conclusion: Response accepted.

- 14-IV-E <u>Bond Coverage</u>: Surety bond coverage of County officials and employees is in accordance with statutory provisions. The amount of coverage should be reviewed annually to ensure that coverage is adequate for current operations.
- 14-IV-F <u>Board Minutes</u>: No transactions were found that we believe should have been approved in the Board minutes but were not.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs

Year ended June 30, 2014

Part IV: Other Findings Related to Required Statutory Reporting - Continued

- 14-IV-G <u>Deposits and Investments</u>: No instances of non-compliance with the deposit and investment provisions of Chapter 12B and 12C of the Code of Iowa and the County's investment policy were noted.
- 14-IV-H Resource Enhancement and Protection Certification: The County properly dedicated property tax revenue to conservation purposes as required by Chapter 455A.19(1)(b) of the Code of Iowa in order to receive the additional REAP funds allocated in accordance with subsections (b)(2) and (b)(3).
- 14-IV-I <u>County Extension Office</u>: The County Extension Office is operated under the authority of Chapter 176A of the Code of Iowa and serves as an agency of the State of Iowa. This fund is administered by an extension council separate and distinct from County operations and, consequently, is not included in Exhibits A or B.

Disbursements during the year ended June 30, 2014 for the County Extension Office did not exceed the amount budgeted.

* * *